

TELEGRAPHIC

Fatal Casualty Caused by the Falling of a Roof in Vermont.

Incredible Boldness of the Revolutionary Forces in Russia.

An Unsuccessful Attempt to Burn and Rob a Town.

Probable War with Chief Moses and his Band.

The President's Proclamation Regarding the Special Session.

Proceedings of the Forty-Fifth Congress.

Commercial and Monetary.

WASHINGTON.

Proceedings of the Forty-Fifth Congress.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, March 4. A vote was taken on the general resolution of Seward's impeachment, and there were yeas 109, nays 17—no quorum, the republicans having generally declined to vote.

Mr. Hewitt, of New York, reported that the conference committee on the army appropriation bill had not been able to agree. On the suggestion of the republicans he made a statement as to the matters in controversy. He stated that an agreement could be reached on all of it except as to the presence of troops at the post.

A message was received from the senate announcing that the conference report on the post office appropriation bill had been disagreed to, and asking a new conference.

After considerable discussion a vote was taken, and the house insisted on an agreement.

Mr. Blount, from the conference committee on the post office appropriation bill, made a supplementary report with provisions for double postal cars. Agreed to.

The senate bill for the appointment of J. S. Shields as brigadier general on the retired list was taken from the speaker's table and passed 71 yeas, 23 nays, 56.

The speaker voted in the affirmative to make the necessary two thirds majority.

Mr. Knott from the judiciary presented a report in the Blodgett case with a resolution that the charges against H. W. Blodgett, U. S. District Judge for the northern district of Illinois, be laid on the table and that the house take no action thereon.

Mr. Candler at half past six made a report from the committee appointed to investigate the charge contained in the letter of Special Agent Williams against Speaker Randall. The report affirms that every statement of wrong in the letter was without semblance of truth. House then adjourned until nine o'clock.

The session being resumed the speaker in front of the speaker's desk was filled with a crowd of gesticulating members who with bills in their hands demanded recognition. Objections however were made to nearly all the bills, among them that making appropriations for the payment of arrears of pensions and that providing for a treaty with Mexico.

Mr. Atkins moved that the house insist on its disagreement to senate amendment to legislative bill and that a new conference committee be appointed. Atkins, Durham and Foster were appointed.

Mr. Sparks moved to suspend the rules and proceed on senate amendments arrears to pension bill. The motion was sustained by an overwhelming vote. For a few moments there was no hostile opposition. Gesticulation could be seen but no word uttered or heard. Yeas and nays were ordered and a motion to suspend the rules and pass the bills were agreed to, yeas 250, nays 61.

Mr. Atkins at 11 reported that the conference committee on the legislative bill had not been able to agree and he moved that the house adhere to its provisions, which was finally agreed to.

Mr. Garfield offered a resolution of thanks to Speaker Randall, which was unanimously adopted.

Mr. Atkins began to address the house but was interrupted by a resolution to admit the ladies of the members' families to the floor. This privilege was accorded and generally availed of.

After a stormy and exciting scene and delivery of strong political speeches on both sides, the speaker delivered his farewell address and the house was adjourned without delay.

NOTES.

Last night Senator Windom reported that the committee of conference on the legislative, executive, and judicial appropriation bill had been unable to agree. The point on which the conference was unable to agree was the provision of the house fixing the pay of jurors in the U. S. court, repealing the test oath, and also the provision for the appointment of supervisors of elections. He moved that the senate insist upon its amendments, although he did not believe it was possible to obtain an agreement upon the legislative provisions. Some amendment to the bill was then sustained by yeas 20, nays 24.

Another committee of conference on legislative appropriation bill reported disagreement and the senate amendments were sustained. Recess taken till ten o'clock.

Upon the resuming a note was read from the vice president saying he would not preside again during the present session and that the president pro tem might be elected. Thos. B. Ferry was elected president pro tem. About twenty private bills were passed and then after 11 o'clock an executive session lasting half an hour was held when the doors were reopened.

Senator Windom submitted a resolution containing appropriations for army and legislative and judicial for six months from July first, so as to avoid an extra session. Senator Sullybury objected to its present consideration and it went over.

At noon Senator Ferry, president pro tem, said the time fixed for final adjournment of congress having arrived, he then declared the 45th congress adjourned without day.

The closing hours of the session were characterized with more than usual disorder and confusion. The senate chamber was densely crowded both on the floor and in the galleries, and sometimes eight or ten senators were addressing the chair at the same time, and it was with difficulty that anything could be understood.

GENERAL NEWS.

A Stray Shot.

GREEN FALLS, N. Y., March 4.—Rev. Sidney M. Stray, pastor of the Presbyterian church, last night while exhibiting a revolver to his wife last night, accidentally discharged it, wounding her. Thinking he had thus accidentally killed his wife, he placed the revolver to his own head and fired. The wounds are not thought fatal.

A Bad Case of Cholera.

NORTH TROY, Vt., March 4.—During the adjournment of the court at Masonville, yesterday, a crowd collected on the postoffice veranda when the roof gave way under the weight of snow, burying several persons. Leonard Walker was killed and Custom Officer Gunn was fatally injured. A number of persons were seriously wounded.

FIRES.

CLEVELAND, O., March 4.—A special from Chariton, De Graa County, says the Chariton house, owned by Brown & Co., together with several barns were destroyed by fire last night. Lost about \$10,000. Partly insured. There is much excitement in the village as it is generally believed that an attempt was made to burn and rob the town.

A Fatal Fire.

WASHINGTON, March 4. The following is the proclamation by the president, contained in extra session on the 18th inst: By the President of the United States, a proclamation.

Whereas, The adjournment of the forty fifth congress without making the usual and necessary appropriations for legislative, executive and judicial expenses of the government for the fiscal year ending June 30th, 1880, and without making the usual and necessary appropriations for the support of the army, for the same fiscal year, present an extraordinary occasion, requiring the president to exercise the power vested in him by the constitution, to convene the houses of congress in anticipation of the day fixed by law for their next meeting. Now I therefore, R. B. Hayes, president of the United States do by virtue of the powers, to this end invested by the constitution, convene both houses of congress to assemble at their respective chambers at 12 o'clock, noon, Tuesday the 18th of March, then and there to consider and determine such means as in their wisdom the duty and welfare of the people may seem to demand.

In witness whereof I have hereon set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

(Signed) R. B. HAYES, President.

WM. EVARTS, Secretary of State.

FOREIGN.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 4.—It is certain there is unusual activity among the revolutionary forces in Russia. They display almost incredible boldness, publicly declaring that the governor of Charkoff has been condemned to death by the Russian socialist party for inhuman treatment of political prisoners, and that action was consequently executed by one of that party. It was openly posted in the halls of the university after he was shot. It is believed at St. Petersburg that the nihilists are interested in spreading the reports concerning the plague. It is said that two of Professor Balkin's assistants are leprosy victims. The day before the bulletin was issued concerning the sick footman they went about declaring exultantly that Prof. Balkin had a case of the plague.

LONDON, March 4.—The Times, in a leader, says: The news from France is to be lamented. The cabinet has been severely damaged, and has lost its position in the chambers. The consequence may not only be the fall of the ministry, but the revival of confusion and weakness, which most tend to paralyze the French government and lower the influence of France abroad. England relies on the co-operation of the office in the whole course of eastern affairs.

PARIS, March 4.—Lepere succeeds Demercore as minister of the interior. The cabinet council to be held this evening will appoint a successor to Lepere in the ministry of commerce.

There is but slight prospect of peace between the Vatican and European states, especially Germany.

A medical commission has been appointed to investigate the alarming prevalence of diphtheria in southern Russia.

The government has advised the municipal authorities of Havana to establish public schools for colored children.

The official message of St. Petersburg says the police discovered a secret printing press at Kell. On entering the apartment they were met by a storm of bullets. One officer of the gendarmes and two gendarmes were wounded. Eleven men and five women were arrested. Four of the former were dangerously wounded.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Subscriptions to the four per cent. loan since Monday's report \$329,000.

All the appropriation bills except the legislative, executive and judicial bills were signed by the president and have become laws together with the bill making requisite an appropriation to pay interest of positions. It is understood that a bill to amend the river and harbor appropriation bill was prepared by the senate, but it is not known whether it will be passed.

The president will issue a proclamation convening the 46th congress in extra session on the 18th of March.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

James Kennedy made an effort to remove the teacher of the public school at Shelbyville, Ind., yesterday. A general melee ensued between the teacher and friends and the trustees. Munson, one of the latter, was knocked down with a club by a woman, and several others were bruised more or less.

Commercial and Monetary.

By Telegraph.

New York, Mar. 4.

Gold—put.

Carrying Rates—100.

Borrowing Rates—Flat and 1/2.

Money active 3/8, closing at 1/2.

Prime Mercantile paper—3/4, 1/2, 1/4.

Customs receipts—\$1,000,000.

Auxiliary Treasurer's disbursements—\$1,000,000.

Cleaning—\$1,000,000.

Sterling—\$1,000,000.

Government Bonds—Generally firmer.

Railroad Bonds—Active and irregular.

State Securities—Dull.

Stock market opened firm but soon became weak and declined, and subsequently there was an advance of 1/2 to 1 1/2 later western union which sold up to 108, highest price yet reached. During the afternoon there was a decline of 1/2, later in the Northwest common, in final dealings there was a recovery of 1/2.

THE STOCK MARKET.

Common Stocks—

U. S. Steel—100.

U. S. Steel—100.

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U. S. Steel—100.

CANDIES!

Fruits! Fruits!

Having recently leased the store under City Hall, we have fitted it up in the best style and put in the finest line of

CONFECTIONERY

to be obtained in any market. They consist of

French Creams,

Honey Nougat,

Chocolate Pralines,

Caramels,

Cream Bonbons,

Boston Chips, etc

We do not hesitate in saying that it is the best line of candies ever brought to this city.

Give us a call and as we are your selves that what we say is true.

IS TRUE

We shall also keep in stock a line of

California and Foreign Fruits

In fact everything kept in a first class store of this kind.

Choice Imported and Domestic

CIGARS, TOBACCOS,

and S. Nokes' Goods in General

We have the latest novelty in fine cut chewing tobacco. Try it!

ROGERS BROS.,

341 UNDER CITY HALL

A Valuable Farm

And Dairy Ranch Property

FOR SALE!

Consisting of 280 acres situated 1/2 mile south of the prominent village of Monument, on Monument creek; also two 1/2 mile tracts situated through the place; 250 acres of this place is under a No. 1 fence which runs 1/2 mile; well supplied with water for irrigating and 1/2 mile by two ditches, with full interest in one and half interest in the other; 28 acres lake and in high state of cultivation; a good one and a half story frame house, 18x32 feet with five rooms and four closets, one of the best constructed houses in the country; a good well of excellent water within ten feet of the house; a splendid garden tract 1/2 mile long, enclosed with a tight picket fence; a tight board coral 100x100 feet, shed on north side; a well constructed hen house, front proof, 10x12 feet; two front porch potato cellars; a good enclosed calf pasture and 10 to 12 acres of hay land. This property is for sale at a bargain.

For

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ask to price and to ms. Call and see or address

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The largest stock of CANDIES to be found in the city kept constantly on hand. Groceries, Nuts, Raisins, Figs, Oranges, Lemons, and California Fresh and Canned Fruits.

FANCY CAKES for Weddings and Festivals made and ornamented on short notice and in a superior manner. BREAD delivered daily to all parts of the city and Manitou.

A Lunch Room in Connection

WM. HUSH,

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

Cigars! Cigars! Cigars!

The only place in the city where a really good Imported Key West or Spanish Cigar can be had is at

C. STOCKBRIDGE'S,

NEXT DOOR TO THE POST OFFICE.

The greatest pains are taken to select only the finest, and I guarantee it to be what I advertise.

Call and try them. They are cheaper and better than any at any other house.

First, I buy in LARGER QUANTITIES than any other house. Second, none but the BEST GOODS are kept.

ALSO

Guns, Rifles,

Revolvers and

Ammunition,

Cheapest and Best Selection in town. Remember the place,

C. STOCKBRIDGE'S,

Next to the Post Office

GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE

OF

Boots and Shoes!

Owing to our large interests in the cattle business, we have decided to close out our entire stock, which consists of a large Assortment of First-class Ladies', Misses', Men's, Boys' and Children's Boots and Shoes. This will be the Very Best Opportunity Yet Offered to the Public to lay in a stock of boots and shoes for the coming season at low rates, which we will positively sell at actual cost for CASH until all are disposed of.

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THE COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE.
DAILY AND WEEKLY.
Official Newspaper of the City and County.
PUBLISHED BY
THE GAZETTE PUBLISHING CO.
DAILY—IN ADVANCE.
Three Months, \$3.00 Six Months, \$5.00 One Year, \$9.00
WEEKLY—IN ADVANCE.
Three Months, \$1.00 Six Months, \$1.50 One Year, \$2.50
ADVERTISING.
Rates made known on application to the office.
JOB WORK.
Facilities for Plan and Fancy Job Printing equal to those of any establishment west of the Missouri river.

The Providence (R. I.) Star alluding to the Burnside-Conkling struggle remarks "that it is suggested that when our genial junior Senator, Burnside did finally lose his temper under the irritating and insulting taunts of Conkling, all that prevented the chair announcing that 'the senator from New York has the floor,' was the timely interposition of the senior senator from R. I."

A freight item in our local columns shows that the Atchison road charged one of our merchants \$3.28 per hundred pound to bring freight from Denver, and the same road brought freight from St. Louis for the same firm for \$2.21 per hundred. The Atchison road has passed a prohibitory law against any of the merchants of Colorado Springs dealing in Denver. Are the *Tribune* and *Times* so devoted to the A., T. & S. F. road that they will not protest against these efforts to injure the commercial supremacy of Denver in the state.

Even the Sacramento Union, though an anti-Chinese paper, cannot endure the miserable way in which the Pacific coast senators and representatives have handled the Chinese question. It says: "In his senate speech upon the anti-Chinese bill Senator Grover made one curiously incorrect statement, to the effect that the Chinese paid no taxes. Had he been in Sacramento a week ago he might have heard an argument before the constitutional convention on behalf of retaining the poll-tax; an argument which was based, oddly enough, upon the ground that one effect of abolishing the tax would be to deprive the state of the large revenue which at present it derives from the Chinese. It was then argued that the Chinese paid \$200,000 a year in taxes, and when this is the case it is not advisable for anyone, no matter how opposed he may be to the race, to say that they pay no taxes. But it is not only poll-tax that the Chinese pay. Whenever they are wanted in the courts, and doing business, they pay property taxes and license taxes as white men. There are probably 40,000 to 60,000 of them so settled throughout the state, and there can be no question that they contribute their just proportion of the burdens of government. No good end is ever attained by misrepresentation. Even Satan should be given his due, and John Chinaman is not precisely Satan. When it comes to questions of morality and cleanliness, and all that sort of thing, opportunity is afforded for odious comparisons; for whereas there are plenty of clean and moral Chinese, there are plenty of filthy and immoral white people, and vice versa."

We have before alluded to the fact that the threats from the Pacific coast are similar to those made before the war by hot-headed southerners. To their eternal discredit Senators Blaine, Bayard and others have cowardly surrendered to it. As a sample of these threats we quote the following from the *Open News Letter* of San Francisco: "Let the workingmen elect the next state and city officials, then at the next sitting of the legislature let there be a bill drafted by the people and the legislature be ordered to pass it allowing an appropriation of \$200,000 or \$300,000, or whatever it may cost, for 'sanitary purposes.' Let there be military companies formed to assist in the measures adopted which should be something like this: 'The governor shall issue a proclamation setting forth that for sanitary reasons certain creatures must on or before a certain date be placed without the limits of the state.' Let ships be chartered, all provisioned and fully equipped and capable of accommodating every Chinaman now in the state. Let the Chinese be made acquainted with date and dates through their consul, and by printed posters in the Chinese language, that all who can may be got on board voluntarily. Then those who refuse let the military assist. Until the ships are loaded and anchor cast the Chinese will never go. Remember that, and all cries that the 'Chinese must go' are puerile unless based upon some definite and practical plan. The acts of a party or congress changing or abolishing the Burlingame treaty, or a constitutional convention passing an anti-Chinese clause with the Chinamen left in, are useless attempts, only delaying the accomplishment of our purpose. 'The Chinese must go,' says Kearney. Then capture your state, arm your militia, charter your ships, load your Chinamen and cast anchor. And then, and not till then, will the Chinese go! Let this be the platform on which the workingmen's officials go into office. Let them pledge themselves to the measures. We want to see if the sentiment, 'The Chinese must go' is only a hobby to ride into power; if those

"respectable" people who are now rushing into the Workingmen's party mean what they say. Put them to the test in black and white. There must be no flinching and dodging. 'The Chinese must go'!"

THE IMPENDING DANGER.

By reference in another column to the article from the New York *Daily American Exchange*, a leading financial and commercial paper in the country, it will be seen that general attention is being drawn to the "Church bill" fraud perpetrated at the last session of the legislature. It shows a remarkable lax state of morals that the indignation in this state should not be more general and more strongly expressed in the press. If such a base fraud is passed by unpunished, the centennial state may be dubbed "Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe" as New Jersey was called "Camden and Amboy" when that road annually captured its legislature. We will not rehearse the facts of this fraud which are already familiar to our readers, but we want to again draw attention to the danger of allowing such a precedent to become established. If strong corporations understand that the legislation they need can be fraudulently obtained without arousing public indignation then the conflicts between corporations will be transferred from the courts to the legislature. Each corporation will endeavor by the liberal use of money to secure the nomination and election to the legislature of men who are partisans of it. Then independent honest men like Bromwell of Arapahoe, Webster of Weld, and Douglass of El Paso, will give way to the tools, like Toll of Rio Grande, of a some strong corporation. Then will commence wholesale bribery and corruption in our legislature like that which has forever stained the reputation of New York, Pennsylvania and New Jersey. It is foolish to say this is an idle alarm. The states just mentioned had a voting population which were fully as intelligent and moral as our own. The evil came because the press did not sound the tocsin of alarm and the better class became indifferent to politics. Is not this same thing repeated in this state? Our leading republican paper admits that fraudulent legislation went through a republican legislature and yet does not denounce the villainy but dismisses the subject to the courts in an indifferent manner. The governor who unwillingly affixed his signature to this fraud when no open votes either to a repeal or to punish the criminals who perpetrated it.

Now is the time to decide whether the disgraceful legislative experiences of New York and Pennsylvania shall be repeated in this state. If the officers of the state who unwittingly aided in the fraud are inactive, the press silent and the public indifferent, then there is no question but that our legislature will be a reckless sink of corruption. Three trunklines are already contending for Colorado trade. Four more are near the state line and advancing at the rate of one hundred miles yearly. The contest between these lines for Colorado trade will be bitter and long. If there is any hope of success each of the roads will try through our legislature to defeat its opponent. No man who has watched the corrupt influence of large corporations on legislation can fail to see the danger impending over this state. We therefore protest in the name of honest legislation against the inactivity of the executive, the silence of the press and the apparent indifference of the public in the presence of this disgraceful fraud, we protest against making our legislative halls a market for the biter of corporation rights.

THAT "WOLF IN SHEEP'S CLOTHING."
Further Details Respecting the "Church Bill" Passed by the Colorado Legislature.

The Colorado Springs GAZETTE of February 16 publishes some facts in relation to the amendment to a church bill recently passed in the Colorado legislature, to which editorial reference was made in the *American Exchange* of February 16th, which seem to prove that the measure was part of a deliberate attempt to obtain control of the Denver and Rio Grande Railway by the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad Company through surreptitious means. The amendment provided that at any special meeting the vote of a majority of the stockholders of any corporation could adopt any proposition or measure, for the consideration of which the meeting was called. The amendment was in the handwriting of a director and agent of the Pueblo and Arkansas Valley Railroad Company, according to the GAZETTE, and was introduced Feb. 6th in the Colorado senate by an attorney of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe company. The amendment bill was passed February 7, and on February 8 a paper was served upon General Palmer, president of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, requesting him to call a meeting of the stockholders of his company on March 10, for the purpose of "taking action as to whether any further expenditures of money shall be made in extension of the line of road west of its present terminus at Canon City, and for the purpose of taking action to dismiss and discontinue the appeals now pending in the Supreme Court of the United States," respecting the right of way through the Grand Canon of the Arkansas River. The paper was signed by Mr. T. Jefferson Coolidge, trustee, Mr. Alden Speare, President Nickerson, of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad, and by several stockholders and officers of the Pueblo and Arkansas Valley railroad. It was dated January 20, 1879, which appears to indicate that the Atchison company had been working to secure a majority of the Denver & Rio Grande stock, with a view to obtain the passage of the law referred to above. The bill pro-

vided that thirty days must elapse before any special meeting of stockholders could be called, and, as the paper served on General Palmer calls for a meeting on March 10, the Atchison company was evidently directly interested in the new legislation.

The GAZETTE denounces the whole affair as a deliberate conspiracy on the part of the Atchison company to "steal the needed rights and franchises in the Grand Canon" of the Denver & Rio Grande company. The New York stockholders of the latter company view the matter in the same light. Mr. L. H. Meyer, trustee of the Denver & Rio Grande first mortgage, on last Friday said: "The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, I believe, was interested in this Colorado legislation and I regard it as a shameless attempt to subvert our rights and damage our interests. But the scheme will certainly fail; for the Atchison company does not own a majority of the stock of our company. Mr. Coolidge had no right to sign such a call for a special meeting, for the Denver and Rio Grande stock which he holds in escrow, was only, according to agreement, to be voted by him in favor of the Denver and Rio Grande Railway, or as he might be required by General Palmer. And further, it is a question whether the amendment smuggled through the Colorado legislature is legal, or that it can affect our company. The Denver and Rio Grande company will treat the law as void, and will resist any attempt to enforce it." *New York Daily American Exchange.*

BANKS.

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AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, \$100,000
PAID IN CAPITAL, \$50,000
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El Paso County Bank, COLORADO SPRINGS.

Transacts a General Banking and Exchange

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Conducted by J. G. HOLLAND,
The Highest and Most Popular Magazine in the World.

The American edition of this periodical is now more than 70,000 monthly, and it has a larger circulation in England than any other American magazine. Every number contains about one hundred and fifty pages, and from fifty to seventy-five original wood-cut illustrations.

ANNOUNCEMENTS FOR 1879.
Falconberg, a serial novel, by H. H. Boyesen, author of "Gunnar," "The Man Who Lost His Name," &c. In this romance, the author graphically describes the peculiarities of Norse immigrant life in a Western settlement.

A STORY OF NEW ORLEANS, by George W. Cable, to be begun on the conclusion of "Falconberg." This story will exhibit the state of society in Creole Louisiana about the years 1830-45, the time of the Cession, and a period bearing a remarkable likeness to the present reconstruction period.

THE "JOHNNY REB" PAPERS, by an "ex-Confederate" soldier, will be among the latest contributions to Scribner during the year. They are written and illustrated by Mr. Allen C. Redwood, of Baltimore. The first of the series, "Johnny Reb at Play," appears in the November number.

PORTRAITS OF AMERICAN POETS. This series (begun in August with the portrait of Bryant) will be continued, that of Longfellow appearing in November. These portraits are drawn from life by Wyatt Eaton and engraved by T. Cole. They will be printed separately on tinted paper, as frontispieces of four different numbers. Illustrated sketches of the lives of the poets will accompany these portraits.

Among the additional series of papers to appear may be mentioned those on "How Shall we Spell" (two papers by Prof. Lounsbury), "The New South, Lawn-Planting for Small Places" (by Samuel Parsons of Flushing), Canada of To-day, American Art and Artists, American Archaeology, Modern Inventors, also, Papers of Travel, History, Physical Science, Studies in Literature, Political and Social Science, Stories, Poems, "Topics of the Time," by Dr. J. C. Holland; record of New Inventions and Mechanical Improvements; Papers on Education, Decoration, &c.; Book Reviews; fresh bits of Wit and Humor, &c., &c.

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BOOTS & SHOES.
R. B. PEERY, dealer in Boots and Shoes. Rubber goods and ladies' goods a specialty. West side of Tejon street.
WOODGATE & HUNDLEY, manufacturers and dealers in boots and shoes, wholesale and retail, Tejon street, Union block. All work warranted. Repairing done to order.
DRUGS, MEDICINES.
CITY DRUG STORE—R. V. KENNEDY, dispensing druggist, corner Tejon and Huelfano streets, Colorado Springs, Colorado. Special attention given to compounding prescriptions at all hours.
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, &c.
D. W. ROBBINS, dealer in clothing, dry goods, boots and shoes, hats, caps and furnishing goods, Huelfano Street.
FURNITURE & UNDERTAKING.
S. B. WESTERFIELD & CO., Huelfano Street, Opposite Gazette Office. Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Carpets, Furniture and Undertaking.
A. L. MILLARD & CO., dealers in Furniture and Undertakers goods. Open day and night. Opposite City Hall. 2-2-11.
HARNESS MAKERS.
OSCAR HAFNER, manufacturer of harness, saddles, &c. Huelfano street.
H. T. O'BRIEN, manufacturer and dealer in harness, saddles, &c. Sign of the broncho, Huelfano street.
LIVERY STABLES.
WILBUR & GOODRICH, Avenue stables, No. 107 Pike's Peak avenue, Colorado Springs, Colorado. First class horses and carriages to let. Stock taken to handle and break. All diseases of horses treated.

MERCHANT TAILOR.
CHAS. STEARNS, fashionable tailor; orders attended to on short notice and satisfaction guaranteed. Pike's Peak avenue, opposite True & Sutton's grocery store.
MEAT MARKETS.
L. B. FARRAR, dealer in all kinds of meat, at Pike's old stand, first door east of Truc & Sutton, Pike's Peak avenue.
A. J. DOWNING & CO., wholesale and retail dealers in Beef, Pork, Mutton, Game, Salt Meats, etc., City Market, Tejon street.
TREADWELL & TODD, dealers in fresh meats of all kinds, of good quality and at prices to suit the times. Market on east side of Tejon street.
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.
A. L. LAWTON, real estate, loan, and insurance agent. Colorado Springs, Colorado. Notary Public and Conveyancer. House Rent-
MUSEUM.
COLORADO SPRINGS MUSEUM, W. B. Norton, proprietor. A fine line of Rocky mountain curiosities kept constantly on hand. Views \$1.50 per dozen. Visitors welcome.

CARRIAGE MAKING.
J. BAUMGARTEN & CO., upholsterers and carriage makers and painters. Shop on Huelfano street, west of Nevada avenue. All kinds of parlor furniture upholstered and mattresses made to order. Work as cheap as the cheapest, and as good as the best. Good references if desired.
HARDWARE.
DURKEE & LEE, dealers in stoves, hardware, tinware and house furnishing goods. West side Tejon street.
BLACKSMITHS.
MURRAY & PLATT, Blacksmiths, West Huelfano street. Particular attention given to horse-shoeing. Satisfaction guaranteed. 210-11

WANTED.
Bottles! Bottles!
WILL PAY A
GOOD PRICE FOR
BOTTLES!
Beer Bottles.
Apply to
CHAS. STOCKBRIDGE,
Pres. El Paso County Brewing Co.
BAKERY AND FANCY CONFECTIONERY!
Postoffice Block.
The largest stock of CANDIES to be found in the city kept constantly on hand. Groceries, Nuts, Raisins, Figs, Oranges, Lemons, and California Fresh-made Canned Fruits.
FANCY CAKES for Weddings and Festivals made, and ornamented on short notice and in a superior manner.
BREAD delivered daily to all parts of the city and Manitou.
A Lunch Room in Connection
WM. BUSIL,
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

MADAME RITA
RESPECTFULLY requests that she will receive instruction in vocal and instrumental music, on February 1st. Terms for the course \$15.00 per month, per quarter \$40.00, and \$8.00 for each lesson. Friday evening, February 1st, at 8 o'clock.
Admission fee, \$5 in advance. Private pupils free.

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COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO

REMOVED!
CHARLES STEARNS,
MERCHANT TAILOR
Has Removed to his New Location on
PIKE'S PEAK AVENUE,
OPPOSITE
THE CUTTON'S GROCERY STORE
NEAR THE POSTOFFICE COLORADO SPRINGS.

Fine Ales, Beer, AND STOUT!
BOTTLED OR BY THE KEG.
Manufactured and Delivered Daily by the

El Paso County Brewing Comp'y.
Leave Your Orders at the Office, next to Postoffice,
Colorado Springs, Colorado

CHAS. STOCKBRIDGE
President and General Manager.
PLUMBING.
TO THOSE CONTEMPLATING INTRODUCING
WATER ON THEIR PREMISES,
I wish to state that I have opened a Plumbing Shop here, with the purpose of REMAINING.

I carry in stock all the latest and most improved goods in the line, having carried on the Plumbing Business in Chicago for the past ten years, and being a THOROUGH, PRACTICAL WORKMAN, my patrons can depend on having their work done right and at
REASONABLE PRICES.
Having had long experience as a Journeyman and in carrying on the business, I think I have such knowledge as will make it to your interest to give me a call. The setting of
Water Closes, Hot Water Apparatus,
the practice of ventilating, and all branches of the trade I thoroughly understand and personally can attend to. I guarantee the best material and proper workmanship in all cases.
J. H. DRINK WATER,
Pike's Peak Avenue, bet. Tejon Street and Nevada Ave.

FAIRFIELD & EATON
PLUMBERS,
Have the largest and most complete assortment of Plumbers' Materials in the city.
WE GUARANTEE ALL OUR WORK!

ORDERS FOR
Tapping & Plumbing
WILL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.
FAIRFIELD & EATON,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE COLORADO SPRINGS.

WHIPPLE & EATON,
Contractors & Builders.
Nevada Avenue.
(One block east of Postoffice.)
COLORADO SPRINGS, COLORADO
A Competent Gunsmith.
WM. CONVERSE,
An experienced, careful and skillful workman at ANY KIND of mechanical work or repairing.
POSTOFFICE BLOCK, - UP STAIRS.

WANTED.
One thousand more subscribers each to the Daily and Weekly GAZETTE, for which we will give one of the best papers in the state.
Prices Always Reasonable

Macaulay's Love for Children.

It is one thing to be fond of children and another never to get tired of them; and Macaulay, Hannah says, was one of those who never got tired. He often spent the whole morning at her home, playing with her children, and then after luncheon carried one of them off for a long walk. But the great treat for him, as well as for them, were the excursions into the city to see the shows. These did not come often enough to suit either him or the children; twice a week is said to have been the average he would have liked—and they used to, just till the little ones, to use his own expression, "could not drag one leg after the other." The afternoon's diversions began with a botanical luncheon in London, to which Macaulay always added some knick-knack for which the children had an especial contempt, for the pleasure of seeing them reject it with scorn. The afternoon's sights were the lions and bears, the panoramas and the wax-works, or even the British Museum. One day he took his mother in a letter box, all the other children being exhausted, he took the children to the National Gallery, and how, while Charles and Margaret played the connoisseur, George said, honestly, "Let us go; there is nothing here that I care for at all;" and again, "I don't call this seeing sights; I have seen no sight to-day." All of which seems to have amused Macaulay greatly. The elaborate process of sending a valentine to his little niece Alice is recorded at length in his diary. February 12 he buys a superb sheet of paper and writes the valentine. February 13 he sends it off to his sister Fanny at Brighton to be forwarded. February 14 the whole entry of the day is about the valentine: how Fanny came at three with the children, Alice in perfect raptures, and begging quite pathetically to be told the truth about it. When they were alone together she said—the little witch—she was going to be very serious, and down she goes on her knees, lifting up her hands in supplication: "Dear uncle, do tell the truth to your little girl. Did you send the valentine?" And then he had to own it. Macaulay would do almost anything to please his favorites; he even tried to like their dog, and dogs he was not fond of. In one place in his diary he denounces the animal as "a beast that is always spoiling conversation." But when the dog was a pet of the children, that was another matter, and he bought things for it at the shops, and made poetry about it to an extent which made the children happy, if it had no particular effect upon the dog. When he was busy upon the second installment of his history, he would spend some precious time inserting a gold piece in the seal of a letter to his nephew George, so that it might slip past the postoffice authorities, and would transmit it with the casual remark that while the best part of a lady's letter was in the postscript, the best part of an uncle's was in the seal. One day, coming out from a collection of pictures, he saw a more delightful picture, he says, than any there. It was four pretty little sisters, from about eleven to six years old, riding in a donkey cart in a deep shady lane, and quite beside themselves with delight at the treat. They were laughing and singing in a way that almost made him cry with a sense of the beautiful, and when he asked them to go on, they sang like little larks. Whereupon all the silver he had in his pockets went to buy dolls. D. D. Lloyd, in Harper's Magazine for March.

A "star" was playing Macbeth in a very small company where each member had to sustain three or four different characters. During the performance the man appointed to play first murderer was taken ill. There was not another to be spared, and the only resource was to send on a "super," supposed to be intelligent, to stand for the character. Keep close to the wing," said the prompter; "I'll read you the words, and you can repeat them after me." The scene was that of the banquet; the "super" was pushed on; and Macbeth, striding down the stage, seized his arm, and said, in a stage whisper, "there is blood upon thy face." "Tis Banquo's then," was the prompt. Lost and bewildered—having never spoken before upon the stage—the tragedian's intense, yet natural tones, the fellow, imitating them in the most confidential manner, "Is there, by Jove!" put his hand up to his forehead, and, finding it stained with rose-pink, added, "then the property-man's served me a trick."

A negro minister who married rather sooner after the death of his wife than some of the sisters thought proper and becoming excused himself as follows: "My dear brethren and sisters, my grief was greater than I could bear. I turned every way for peace and comfort, but none came. I searched de Scripture from Ginnsee to Rebellion; plenty of promises to the widder, but nary one to de widderer. So I took it dat de Lord didn't waste sympathy on a man when it was in his power to comfort himself, and a first rate chance to marry in de Lord I did so, and would do it agin. Besides, brethren, I consider dat poor Betsy was juss as dead as she would ever be."

THE COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE.

Macaulay's Love for Children.

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WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5, 1879.

Official Paper of the City of Colorado Springs.

TIME TABLE.

Denver and Rio Grande Railway.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

Three Freight. Arrive..... 5:19 P.M. Leave..... 5:55 P.M.

San Juan Express. Arrive..... 11:35 A.M. Leave..... 12:10 P.M.

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities from the depot. Fare same from here as from Denver or Pueblo. Parties can select their own route.

For full information call on or address

J. M. ELLISON, Agent

Fifty gilt-edge visiting cards, all printed, will be furnished at the GAZETTE office for fifty cents.

Capt. James T. Smith has completely severed his connection with the Denver News, and will become the editor of the Golden Transcript. He will ably fill his new position.

Fifty printed visiting cards of the best Bristol board in an elegant case may be had for seventy-five cents at the GAZETTE office.

Nine persons united with the Congregational church last Sunday, seven being present to receive the right hand of fellowship. Several more will unite next Sunday at Manitou.

A meeting of W. S. Jackson-Hose Co. No. 2 will be held at 8 o'clock this evening at the usual place for the transaction of regular business. WM. HARRISON, March 5, 1879. Foreman.

Remember that every job of printing given to the local paper enables its proprietors to publish a better paper.

Dr. Gibbons addressed a large audience at Colorado City last evening on the subject of temperance. After the address twenty-seven signed the pledge. The doctor will speak at the same place again this evening.

Some decided improvements are in progress at the U. S. Restaurant. The dining room has been greatly enlarged, and the papered. As soon as the work is completed we will give a more decided contrast of the improvements.

Who want visiting cards should call at the GAZETTE office. We have just purchased the latest style of type and have the facilities in the city for elegant work. We are furnishing fifty fine plain Bristol visiting cards, all printed, for seventy-five cents. We are also furnishing fifty fine gilt-edge cards, printed, for fifty cents to those who prefer that style.

We had a call from H. S. Taylor, assistant agent of the Camilla Urso concert troupe. They will give an entertainment here on Tuesday, March 18. Reserved seat tickets will be on sale at Trilbe & Jeffery's to day. This will be one of the best entertainments given here this season and is worthy of very liberal patronage.

A new enterprise has been started here which may prove of great value to this city. Professor Seck, assisted by Mr. Gav, has put up a small smelter which reduces ore by a method heretofore unused in this state. The experiment has thus far been a great success. After further experiments we shall give a more detailed account of the smelter.

It was a very pleasant gathering of ladies and gentlemen which assembled at the Methodist church last evening, the occasion being a sociable under the auspices of the ladies of the society. An excellent literary programme had been prepared which was carried out to the letter, and to the evident satisfaction of the entire audience. Coffee, cake and sandwiches were served after the entertainment and the result must have been a substantial increase to the treasury.

An Order to Plumber.

Parties desiring to tap the mains and introduce water into their premises must first apply to the undersigned for a permit therefor. Where permits are given the corporation stop-cock must be kept closed until water rent is paid. A violation of either of the foregoing will work a forfeiture of your license.

By order of the Mayor and Council.
A. A. McGOVNEY,
City Clerk.

Abstract of Meteorological Record of Colorado Springs.
Call on, Colorado Springs.
FOR THE WEEK ENDING MARCH 1, 1879.

Highest barometer, 30.188 inches, Sat.
Lowest barometer, 29.662 inches, Fri.
Range, .526 inches.
Mean barometer, 29.889 inches.
Highest thermometer, 69°, Fri.
Lowest thermometer, 14°, Thurs.
Range 55°.
Greatest daily range, 52°, Thurs.
Least daily range, 28°, Sun.
Mean daily range, 32°.
Mean thermometer, 40° 8'.
Wind prevailing direction, N.W.
Total number miles traveled during week, 1,680.
Mean humidity 63 per cent. of saturation.
Total rainfall, 0.00 inch.
Number clear days, 1.
Number of fair days, 3.
Number of cloudy days, 3.
Number of foggy days, 0.
W. S. RUDOLPH.

Our Carbonates.

For several days past it has been currently reported about town that carbonates had been discovered in the vicinity of Mt. Washington. Of course the report had reached our office but not caring to spread an unfounded rumor we refrained from saying anything about it. Yesterday a GAZETTE reporter paid the locality a visit for the purpose of seeing if anything definite could be learned. Striking out in an easterly direction toward the Deaf Mute Institute and thence turning toward the south, numerous prospect holes were encountered, along the top of the bluff, all being deserted however. At a point nearly one-half mile south of the institute two men were discovered at work, or rather one was discovered on the surface and another was found in a hole some 9 feet deep. A claim stake near the hole gave it the name of the Vulture lode; Mining district Number 1. Attached to this were the names of W. S. Dewitt, F. B. Snyder and J. Brown, the locators of the claim. Mr. Dewitt informed our reporter that upon first discovering the claim an assay was made from rock taken from the surface which ran 14 ounces in silver. This led them to commence digging and when down seven feet another assay was made which ran 22 ounces. The substance through which they are digging resembles yellow clay. The so-called carbonates lie in layers and are very soft although the men claim that they grow harder as they go deeper. A depth of nine feet has already been reached and they propose sinking the shaft at least 30 feet to see if the mineral holds out. We understand that several claims have already been located by different parties but not finding any being worked we were unable to prosecute our search any further. We shall take pains to keep our readers informed as to the further development of the claim, its success or otherwise. From present indications it would be difficult to give any reliable opinion so all that can be done is to wait.

T. M. C. A.

To the People of Colorado Springs.

The Young Men's Christian Association of Colorado Springs opened its rooms for the use of its members and the public, Dec. 10, 1878. It now offers a reading room free to all. A daily noonday prayer meeting is sustained, and a devotional meeting is held every Saturday evening.

The Secretary's report shows the following:

Number of meetings at rooms..... 60
Total attendance..... 797
Number of children's meetings..... 2
Number of bill services..... 8
Scripture readings..... 36
Papers distributed..... 122
Tracts distributed..... 200
Leaflets and bible calendars distributed..... 200
Evangelists for sick and needy..... 39
Names registered at room..... 150

God is blessing the work, and it has increased to such an extent that the board of managers have decided to ask assistance of all who are willing to contribute to the funds of the association. It is proposed to supply the rooms with magazines, papers, books, writing material, more furniture, etc. The good that can be accomplished will depend upon the substantial support of the people of this city. The board have made a careful estimate for the year 1879, and find that \$600 will be needed for the remainder of this year.

You are requested, as God has prospered you, to aid with your influence and your money. Contributions may be handed to any of the officers of the association.

J. H. WOODGATE, President.
W. D. GABY, Secretary.
A. H. CORMAN, Treasurer.
Colorado Springs, Col., Feb. 1879.

Coming.

On Saturday evening next Dr. H. H. Arnold, assisted by Miss Grace Forna will give an entertainment in City Hall, of which the Canon City Record of February 22, says:

The entertainment was nothing more nor less than wonderful. We never have heard such a voice and volume in a human being, and it would be useless to attempt to give the reader an instructive idea as to programme and execution of the artists, as it was one of those occasions that must be heard and seen to be fully appreciated. His chants and singing are perfect in every respect. His falsetto, bass, chest and head notes as real full and clear as if there were four artist voices, and you can hardly realize or reconcile yourself that it can possibly be the same person. His solo and ballad work in the first part was par excellence. His guitar execution was the finest we ever witnessed, and his performance upon the musical instruments would prove him a prodigy of the 19th century.

Miss Rose Grace Forna, a bright little gem, was in excellent voice and received an encore at the close of each song which she justly deserved, and her performance upon the violin "brought down the house," and produced such a prolonged demonstration by applause as to cause us to think that it was the finest entertainment ever given in our city.

We are very sorry that the hall was not larger, as many had to be turned away.

A communication was published inadvertently in our local columns yesterday, signed by "Listener." It was received by mail, and was by accident mixed with the local matter. Such communications are entirely out of place in a daily paper. We have already received two communications in answer to "Listener," which we declined to publish because we want to keep all such controversies out of our columns. The misstatement is so palpable that no orthodox people need feel the necessity of

answering it. It is, however, simple justice for us to add that our orthodox ministers in this city deny in emphatic terms that they hold such views—a denial totally unnecessary for the enlightenment of intelligent people.

If you want any bill heads, letter heads, or visiting cards call at the GAZETTE office and see the new type and elegant line of stationery.

A Good Appointment.

The following letter was received yesterday from Governor Pitkin by Major McAllister:

STATE OF COLORADO.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Denver, March 3, 1879.

HENRY MCALISTER, JR.—My Dear Sir: Enclosed I send you a communication from Eugene Underwood, esq., of Louisville, Kentucky, who was appointed by the national commercial convention, which recently met at the city of New Orleans, a committee to communicate with the governor of the several western states upon the subject of the commerce of the Mississippi valley.

The proceedings of said convention seemed to contemplate the appointment by the governor of each state of three commissioners for the purpose of considering this important subject and co-operating with the commissioners appointed in the several states. I do not know of any authority which I have to appoint the board of commissioners contemplated by the resolutions of said convention giving any official character to such commissioners, but I desire to refer this matter to you, and if you are willing to represent the state in this matter without compensation it will be a personal gratification to me, and I shall feel that the state will be highly honored by you as its representative.

I remain, very truly yours, &c.,
[Signed] F. W. PITKIN,
Governor.

The position to which Major McAllister is appointed is a very honorable and useful one. His experience for eight years as secretary of the Iron and Steel association made him very familiar with all commercial operations. He will be a very valuable representative of the state as well as a useful commissioner.

One of our merchants received on Monday 800 pounds of freight from Denver which cost \$26.25 or at the rate of \$3.28 per hundred. The same merchant received last week 1,600 pounds of freight from St. Louis, which cost \$38.65 or at the rate of \$2.41 per hundred. Or in other words it cost him \$1.07 more per hundred to bring goods from Denver to Colorado Springs than from St. Louis to Colorado Springs. This is ruinous to all Colorado trade. The Atchison road is trying to destroy all local trade in the state and simply make it a suburb of Kansas City. Still the Tribune is silent though the Atchison road is trying to destroy Denver trade.

W. F. Tilton leaves to-day for a three weeks' trip to Chicago and the east.

H. Kellogg, a traveling hat and cap man, of Chicago, is at the National.

Dr. H. H. Arnold, comedian, from Boston, is stopping at the National hotel.

H. L. Taylor, assistant agent of the Camilla Urso Concerts, is registered at the National.

Benj. Ferris and wife have lately arrived in town from Pennsylvania. Mr. Ferris is a brother-in-law of Mr. Chas. Halliwell, at whose home he is staying for the present. It is his intention to locate here permanently and go into business with Mr. Halliwell.

The Ore Deposits of Leadville.—II.

In our first article we have seen that the ore deposits of Leadville occur on the west slope of the Mosquito Range, east of the city of Leadville, between or in the strata of a mountain range formed by the sedimentary deposits of gneiss, quartzite, clay-schists, limestone, capped over by a thick layer of trachytic porphyry.

Going westward from Leadville, we pass over three miles of long-stretched, narrow foot-hills to the valley of the Arkansas. So far as disclosed by prospect shafts and wells, these foot-hills seem to be composed entirely of sand, gravel and rounded boulders probably the remnants of glaciers of a former ice period.

Crossing the broad valley of the Arkansas, we come to similar, only steeper, foot-hills of the Sagachee or Main Range, the divide of the waters of the Atlantic and Pacific oceans, the backbone of this continent.

Following one of the most accessible gulches, Lake Creek, we pass by the beautiful Twin Lakes, around which and west of which the higher and steep mountains begin. We notice at once the absence of the trachytic porphyry, so abundantly covering the mountain sides of the Mosquito Range; and we find the mountains formed by steeply-pitching strata of gneiss, cropping out everywhere on the steep sides of the mountains, and unhidden by any detritus. Numerous prospect shafts indicate the presence of many fissure-veins, of quartz rock, impregnated in many instances with galena and antimonial silver ores. None of these shafts visited by me has been carried deep enough to allow of a characterization of the contents of the different strata of gneiss. While in one or two instances I have noticed the out-crops of small fissure-veins crossing the different strata of gneiss, doubtless a great many of these veins follow the contact of the different strata of the gneiss. I could find only one dike of porphyry at the lower part of Lake Creek, and am not sure of its crossing the strata of gneiss or being wedged in between them.

These strata of gneiss pitch 60° to 80° from the horizontal to the north-east. Sometimes they even seem slightly overturned, and then pitch very steeply to the south-west. Advancing farther west, we discover the cause of this steep pitch in the massive granite dome of the Monitor Rock, rising some hundred feet in a solid mass above the bed of the creek. This Monitor Rock evidently forms an outcrop of the central body of granite of this mountain range. We find this range to consist of an upheaved central body of granite, around and above which the upheaved strata of gneiss lie on all sides.

Another feature of this range we observe in its conical shaped peaks, with their remnants of ancient "craters," of which one on the east slope of Mount Elbert, about two-thirds up its height, is clearly visible even from Leadville itself. The formation of porphyritic rock we notice as filling of veins in the gneiss rock of this range in the vicinity of the frequent hot springs, occurring farther south in this range.

Now, let us imagine all this region, at the time of the Laurentian period, as a vast plain at the bottom of the sea, and those different strata of gneiss, schist, and limestone formed. Then let us proceed to the time when, gradually and slowly, this country began to ascend from the waters, the line of greatest upheaval passing through the present sites of Mount Elbert and Homestake Peak; the rest of the land, as it ascended, sloping down to the east and west from this line. Let this gradual elevation go on, until the eastern slope and its strata acquired their present pitch of about 12° to 15°. Then substitute for this slow and gradual elevation more violent eruptive action, upheaving the granitic backbone of the Sagachee range, rending the overlying Laurentian rocks, and pouring out the vast masses of trachytic porphyry overlying the limestone. The profane and the witnesses of this violent action we see in the old craters of this range; and the way of forming these porphyry masses we see to-day in the action of the hot mineral waters of this range on the gneiss.

Whether all this vast mass of porphyry flowed from these craters alone, or from long fissures parallel to the line of greatest upheaval, we shall leave to the imagination as immaterial. We have, any way, in these craters the proof of mighty eruptive forces at work at one time.

Let us pass over this period of active eruptive forces, and come to the time when this flow of porphyry masses ceased, when the eruptive force was spent, or so far diminished that it lost the power to sustain the weight of the masses of this upheaved region.

We may easily imagine without introducing this image as a once really existing fact vast caverns formed by the outpouring of these immense masses of porphyry over the surrounding country. We can easily imagine the caverns largest and deepest nearest to the line of this outpouring, and gradually diminishing as we go east, farther away from this line. We can easily imagine the break-down of the roof of this cavern, by the contraction of the rock by cooling, and we may easily conceive the deepest settling of these rocks nearest to the line of the outpouring. But we may just as easily perceive, without the aid of the image of these caverns, that the greatest reactions, the greatest sinking of the rocks, must have taken place at or near the line of the greatest preceding upheaval, and the diminishing of this settling of the strata as we recede from this line to the east. We should then have, as the result of this period of reaction, a series of breaks or faults running about parallel with the line of greatest upheaval in a northerly and southerly direction, the part on the west side, nearest to the line of greatest upheaval, being always the lower, the deeper-sunken one.

Now these faults really exist. We have these four known, and possibly some at present unknown, benches of limestone overlain by porphyry on the Mosquito range, succeeding each other in higher elevation as we proceed to the east, preserving the same lithological character and even nearly the same pitch, probably obtained before the breaking up of these limestone and porphyry beds, originally the same, into their present different divisions or benches. Carl Henrich, in Engineering and Mining Journal.

Silver Cliff.

The following correspondence of the Engineering and Mining Journal will be of interest to those interested in Silver Cliff, as it is from a gentleman well known as a mining expert:

I made a better study of Silver Cliff last week than ever before. The workings are now deeper and more frequent. My earlier impression about the country rock being altered, sand rock was incorrect. The rock is "laminated trachytic tuff," and as such should be known. At the contact between this rock and micaceous gneiss found at the Johnny Bull mine good galena ore is found. And it seems to me that this character of ore may be found in perhaps good quantities below this trachytic wash. If so, Silver Cliff will have a good reputation, not that its reputation is bad now. The chloride ores from the surface, without sorting, are running 40 to 50 ounces at the Pennsylvania works, and several tons of ore mined and sampled by Scheyer, Dillinghams & Co.'s mill at Silver Cliff ran 840 ounces on Saturday last. These figures are correct. I am afraid the facts of the existence of hot springs cannot be proven, although theory cries for them. B. NELSON CLARK, Rosita Colo., Feb. 18, 1879.

Hotel Arrivals.

Mr and Mrs Beardslee, St. Louis; H Kellogg, Chicago; W H J Nichols, Denver; H S Taylor, Asst. Agt. "Camilla Urso;" J E Pike, J F Deek, Eel River R. R., Ind.; Nathan Wooley, Robert Jones, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Dr H H Arnold, Boston, Mass.; J McMaster, D & R G R R Wallace, Gould, Portland, Me.; Wm S O'Rourke, Denver.

Take Notice.

THE firm of Eley & Sage, blacksmiths is dissolved from March 1, 1879, and all debtors of the firm are notified that all bills are to be paid only to Jacob Eley.

MADAME RITA.

RESPECTFULLY gives notice that she will receive instruction in vocal and instrumental music on Feb. 15. Terms—for the voice \$15, for piano \$12, per quarter. Claim in vocal music will meet Friday evening, February 15th, at 8 o'clock. Admittance free, \$5 in advance. Private pupils free.

Business Locals.

10¢ Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion.

A large supply of paints, oils and varnishes constantly on hand at Brown's, Tejon street. 2-14tf.

If you want a new hat go to Dow. 3-2-3

T. A. HAY.

The practical Blacksmith and Horse-shoer, fine stock a specialty. Iron-clad shop on burnt district, Huerfano street, 200ft.

After this date all persons who desire their advertisements taken out of the GAZETTE will please make it known at the counting room, where such matters are properly attended to.

If you desire to let your friends abroad know what is going on here send them a WEEKLY GAZETTE. Two dollars will pay postage and all for one year.

Call at Dow's and see his large new stock of clothing, hats, caps and furnishing goods just received. 3-2-3

Strictly fresh eggs at 15 cts per dozen at Jackman's C. O. D. grocery. 3-5-3

Guns, rifles, revolvers and ammunition of all kinds at Durkee & Lee's. 2-27-7

LEGAL PRINTING.

All kinds of legal printing done at the most reasonable terms at this office.

Fresh oysters and all kind of vegetables constantly on hand at Louis Pfeiffer's. Fresh fish received every Friday. 2-20tf

Fresh oysters, fresh trout, fresh white fish, pickled tongue, pickled pigs' feet, &c., &c., at Louis Pfeiffer's. 2-20tf

SPECIMEN COPIES of the GAZETTE sent free on application.

The latest and finest stock of hats ever brought to this city has just been received by F. E. Dow. 3-2-3

Don't fail to examine Brown's new stock of wall papers and window shades. 2-14tf.

In replenishing your stock of household goods this spring, be sure and call at Durkee & Lee's and examine their immense stock. 2-27-7

HO FOR LEADVILLE.

Stevens & Rouse are running light rigs to Leadville. Those wishing to go will find them accommodating and well acquainted with their business. Call at H. H. Stevens', first house south of Spaulding house, Colorado Springs. 3-2-4f

If you are going east it is to your advantage to call and see E. P. Howbert and get rates over the K. P. R. R. Tickets sold to any part of the east as low as any other route. Trains leave Denver going east at 5 minutes before eleven, Denver time. 2-20tf

The price of the WEEKLY is only two dollars per annum, one dollar for six months, fifty cents for three months, and twenty-five per month.

Ranchmen and miners, call at Durkee & Lee's before purchasing your outfits. 2-27-7

ADVERTISERS.

Are already beginning to feel the advantage of a good weekly newspaper issued every Saturday amongst their friends and patrons in the country.

NOTICE.

After this date no bills contracted by any employee of the GAZETTE will be allowed, unless accompanied by a written order from me. E. P. STEPHENSON, Oct. 11th, 1878.

THE CURRENCY QUESTION.

Notwithstanding the fact that thousands of our people are at present worrying themselves almost to death over this vexed question, even to the extent of neglecting their business, their homes and their duty to their families, there are still thousands upon thousands of smart, hard working, intelligent men pouring into the great Arkansas Valley, the Garden of the West, where the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad offers them their choice of 2,500,000 acres of the finest farming lands in the world at almost their own prices. If you do not believe it, write to the undersigned, who will tell you where you can get a cheap land exploring ticket, and how, at a moderate expense, you can see for yourself and be convinced.

W. F. WHITE,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent,
Topeka, Kansas.

TO THE PEOPLE OF ALL NATIONALITIES.

Dr. M. Souville, of Denver, Colo., the eminent French physician and a corps of competent assistants, office corner of Curtis and 16th streets, for the treatment of all Chronic diseases of the Air Passages, Nasal Catarrh, Asthma, Throat and Lung diseases, all of which are very prevalent in this atmospheric altitude.

VALUABLE TESTIMONIALS.

DENVER, COLO., January 3, 1879. I consider it my duty to let the public know that Dr. Souville, the eminent French physician, of Denver, Colorado, has cured me and a good many of my friends. I have known him for the last six months at Omaha, Nebraska, and I could never speak of a gentleman with more respect than I do of him. C. H. BEACH, With R. G. Dunn & Co., corner 16th and Larimer streets, McClintock's block.

DENVER, COLO., February 5, 1879. I have been in the hands of eastern and western physicians for the last four years, and receiving no benefit, I came to Denver four weeks ago with a bad complaint of bronchitis and asthma, and fortunately I met Dr. Souville, the eminent French physician, who has now cured me, and I shall be grateful to him all my life.

JOHN A. McDONALD, Corner 16th and Curtis streets.

DENVER, COLO., February 12, 1879. For the benefit of the public I take pleasure to certify that Dr. M. Souville, the eminent French physician in Denver, Colorado, has cured my wife after many other physicians had failed.

ED. H. MERRILL, 337 and 339 Larimer street. Numbers of other testimonials could be given if necessary. 2-25-1m.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE RAILWAY.

Now completed to Alamosa on the Rio Grande Del Norte, the outlying point for the San Juan Mining Country, New Mexico, and Arizona. Close connection made with stages to and from all points in the above sections. Connects at Canon City with stages to and from Rosita, Leadville, and vicinity. At El Moro for Santa Fe and points south.

Passengers going East will consult their interest by taking the Rio Grande to Pueblo, making close connection with the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad which runs through to the Missouri River without change of cars.

Call on J. M. ELLISON, Agent, Colorado Springs, for through tickets, maps and general information.

D. C. DODGE, Gen'l Frt and Pass. Agent,
W. W. BOKST, Superintendent, Denver, Colo.

WANTED.

10¢ Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion.

WANTED—A church organist to perform in a church in this city. Address Music, box 10, P. O. 3-4-5

WANTED—First class furnished house with modern improvements. Address N. M. T., this office. 3-4-2

WANTED—Board in a first class private family by three adults. References given and required. Address N. M. T., this office. 3-2-4

WANTED—A good cook, also a good housemaid. Apply at this office. 2-27-7

WANTED—A good girl to do general housework. Apply to Mrs. E. P. Stephenson.

WANTED—To rent, a piano. Address, stating terms, R., GAZETTE Office. 2-6-7f

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred dark Brahma Cockerels for breeding. May's Ranch, Cheyenne Creek. 3-4-4

FOR SALE—A No. 1 Timothy seed—in quantities to suit. May's Ranch, Cheyenne Creek. 3-4-4

FOR SALE CHEAP—A first class fire and burglar proof safe. Apply at First National bank. 2-27-7

FOR SALE—The wood business on the south half of the burnt district, consisting of about 225 cords of stove wood, with horse and harness and fixtures. As I have to be in Leadville by the first of March I will sell the above very cheap. 2-16-7f W. G. HOPKINS.

FOR SALE—Story and a half home, containing eight rooms, pantry and closet. Lot 100x100 ft. Barn and stables on lot. Desirable location. Terms easy. Enquire of Lewis Hager. 2-15-7f

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A nicely furnished sleeping room. 3-2-7f Mrs. D. G. Loomis.

FOR RENT—Two pianos and two organs. 3-2-7f Jas. DUNCAN, box 419.

FOR RENT OR SALE—Mrs. Mellen's residence at Manitou. Apply at this office. 2-25-7f

FOR RENT—Pleasant room, with board, at Dr. Blake's, Pike's Peak Ave. 2-5-7f

FOR RENT—One large furnished room, at Miss Gimes', corner Cascade and Pike's Peak avenues.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—If the person who stole a hat from the National Hotel Sunday evening will return it, no questions will be asked. 11

VIRGINIA VETERAN!

DO NOT FAIL TO HEAR

Dr. H. H. Arnold,

The Celebrated
Reader, Singer, Actor, Recitationist,
Organist, Violinist, Flut-
ist, Concertinist and
Harmonicist

Will introduce his Specialties of Opera, Sentimental, Simple Simon, Prima Donna